



Tracking microtiming variations in the course of a jazz performance

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Introduction

- Title: Anthropology
- Album: The Compelete Galaxy Recordings (1979)
- Lineup:
 - Charlie Haden on bass
 - Art Pepper playing solo clarinet
 - Billy Higgins on drums



- Music:
 - B b -Major
 - 4/4 Signature
 - ~219 BPM



Source: wikipedia



Introduction

- Typical ride cymbal (RC) pattern
 - Downbeat

:

- Backbeat
- Offbeat
- Downbeat

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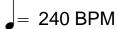
- Keep tempo
- Induce "swing feel"



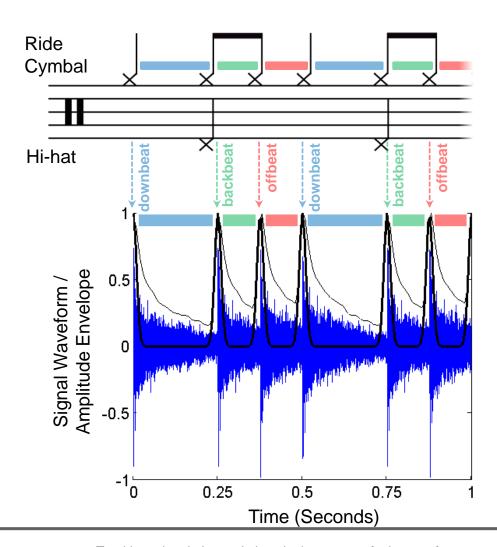
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Introduction: Swing Ratio



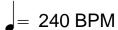
$$s_{\rm r} = \frac{0.125}{0.125} \approx 1$$



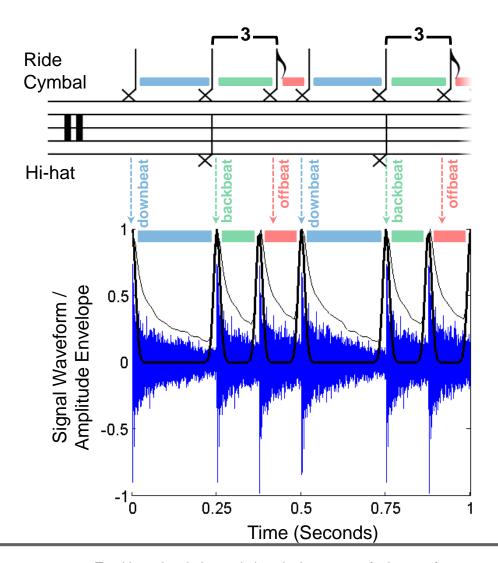




Introduction: Swing Ratio



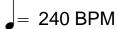
$$s_{\Gamma} = \frac{0.167}{0.083} \approx 2$$



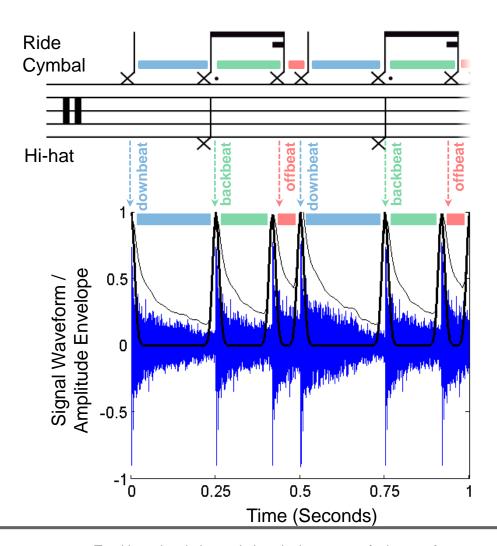




Introduction: Swing Ratio



$$s_{\rm r} = \frac{0.188}{0.063} \approx 3$$







Related Work: Jazz Microtiming Analysis

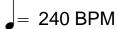
- Early investigations into swing ratio:
 - Kerschbaumer 1978, Reinholdsson 1987, Rose 1989
 - Manually marked onset times
- Measurements using MIDI-fied instruments:
 - Ellis 1991, Busse 2003
- Negative correlation between tempo and swing ratio:
 - Friberg & Sundström 2002 → inspiration for our work
 - Dittmar et al. 2015 → (semi-) automatic swing ratio estimation
- No strong correlation, preferred swing ratio ~2.0:
 - Honing & de Haas 2008 → focus on jazz drummers
 - Marchand & Peeters 2015 → swing ratio in diverse genres (GTZAN)



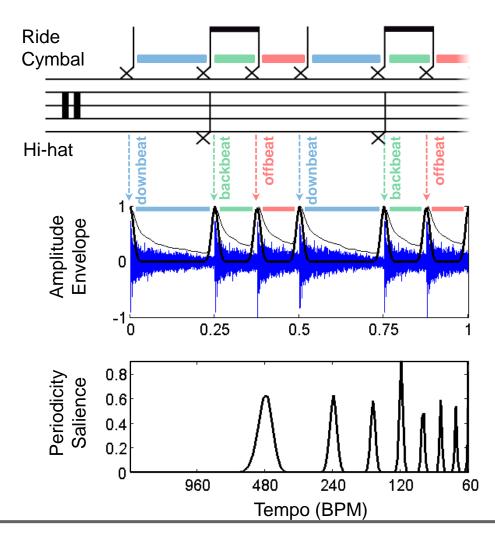
- Tempo-normalized spectral rhythm patterns
 - Peeters 2005
- Scale transform for rhythmic similarity
 - Holzapfel & Stylianou 2009, 2011
 - Marchand & Peeters 2014
 - Prockup et al. 2015
- Log-Lag ACF (LLACF)
 - Gruhne & Dittmar 2009
 - Völkl et al. 2010
 - Dittmar et al. 2015

- Autocorrelation (ACF) computed from onset detection function
- Resampled to logarithmically-spaced lagaxis (resp. tempo-axis)
- Rhythmic patterns → salient peaks at distinct periodicities
- Tempo factors → log-lag offsets



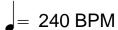


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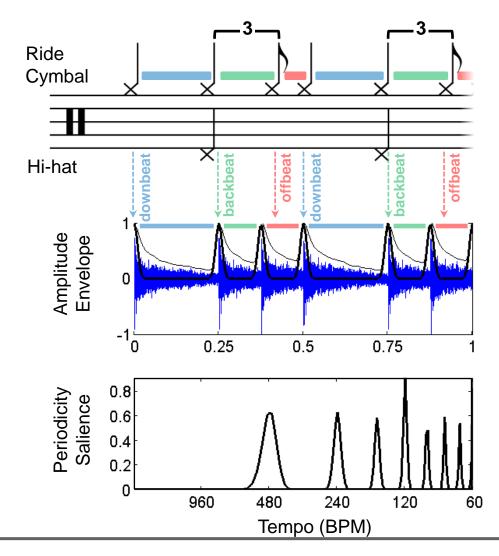






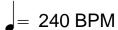


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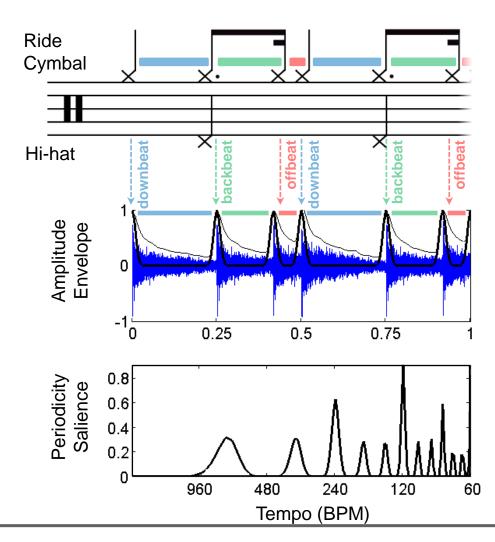








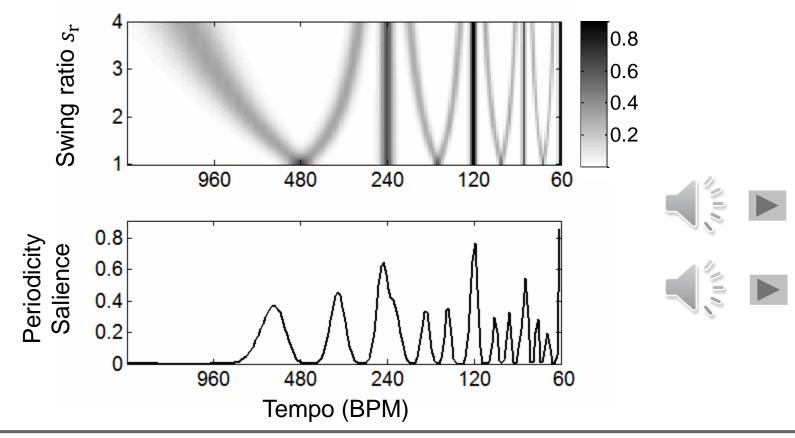
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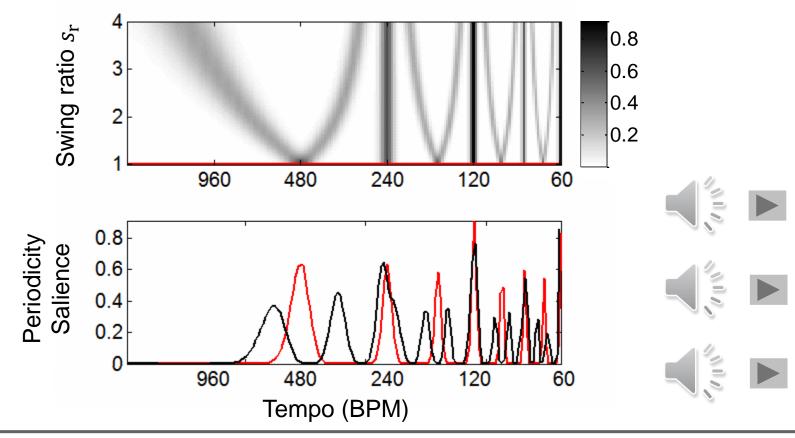


Pattern matching against prototype LLACFs



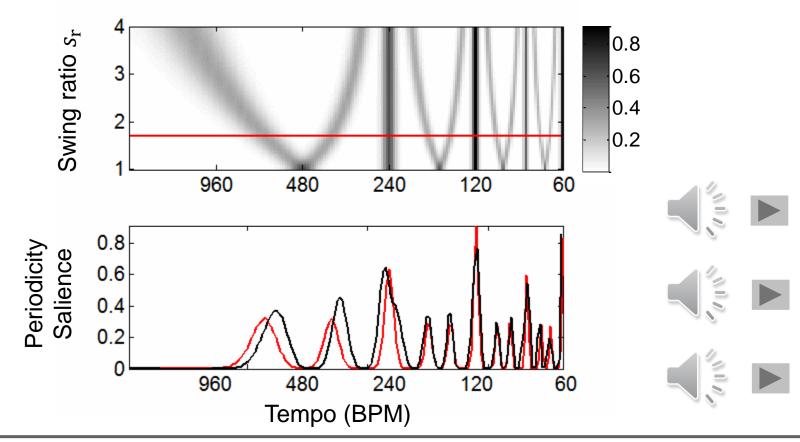


Pattern matching against prototype LLACFs





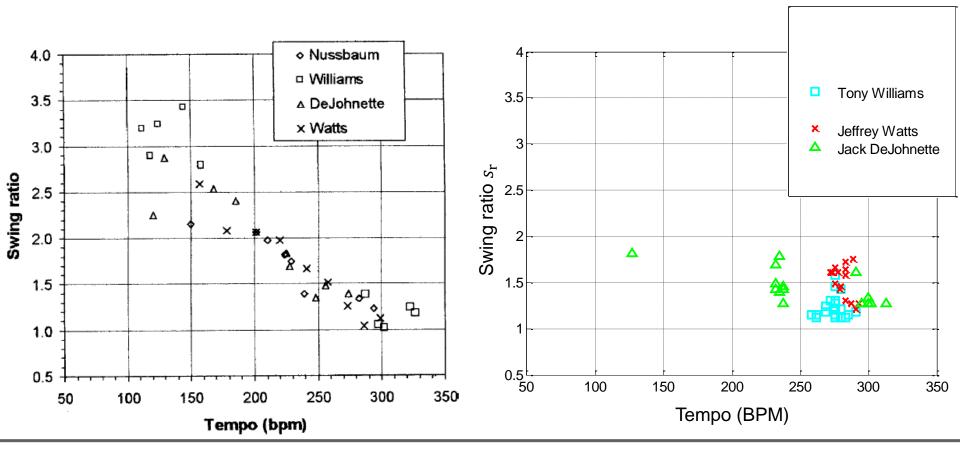
Pattern matching against prototype LLACFs





Friberg & Sundström 2002:

Dittmar et al. 2015:





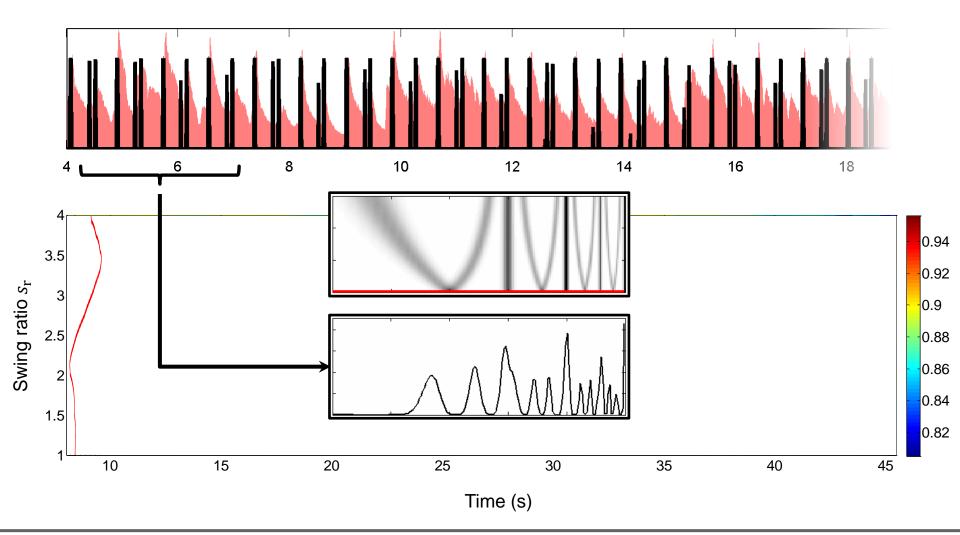
Weimar Jazz Database:

- Soloist swing ratio implicitely given via tone onsets
- Automatically estimated swing ratios of RC patterns
- Investigations into the interactive art of improvising together

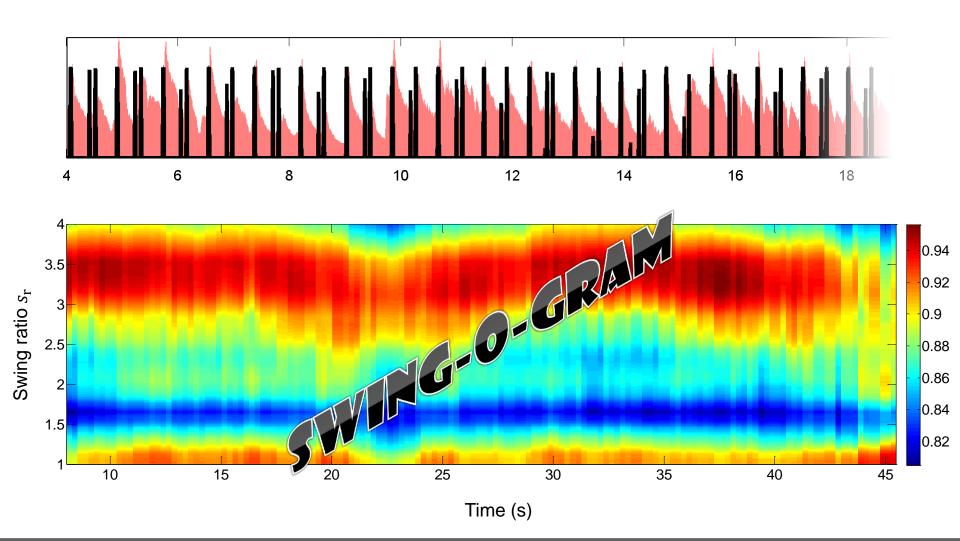
New idea:

- Compute segment-wise LLACF accross complete solo
- Store matching score for all swing ratios per segment





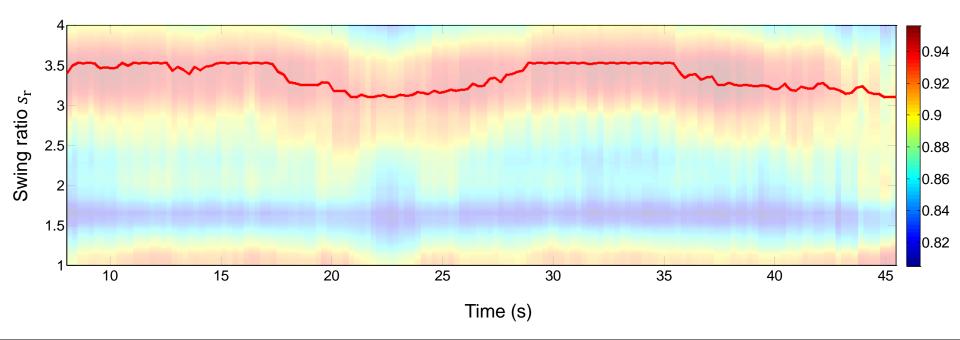




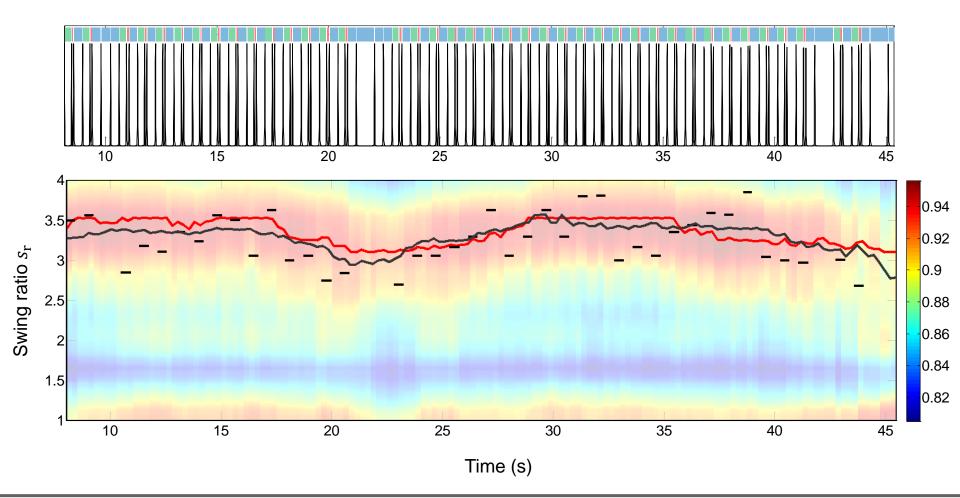


Track salient trajectory:

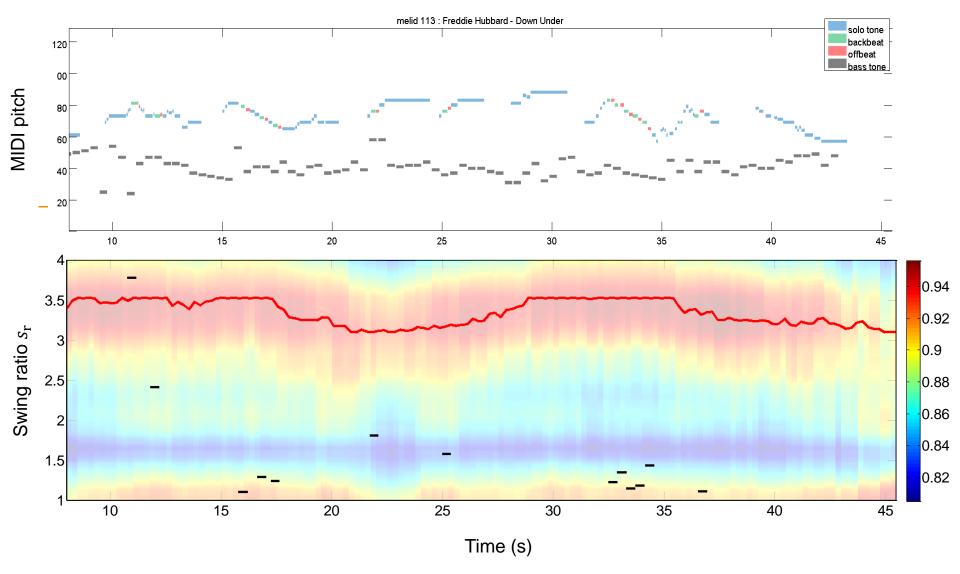
- Dynamic Programming (DP) → finds optimal paths
- Can be parametrized to prevent unreasonable jumps













Conclusions

Proposed new method to track swing ratio variations

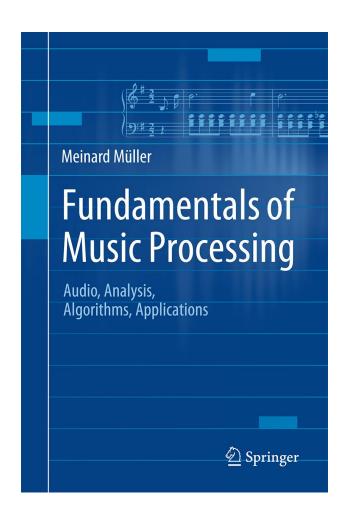
- Qualitatively similar results as provided by ground truth
- Comparison to soloist swing ratio still has open issues

Next steps?

- Which structures are interesting?
- Relation to phrases?



Book: Fundamentals of Music Processing



Meinard Müller Fundamentals of Music Processing Audio, Analysis, Algorithms, Applications 483 p., 249 illus., hardcover ISBN: 978-3-319-21944-8 Springer, 2015

Accompanying website: www.music-processing.de



Book: Fundamentals of Music Processing

Chapter		Music Processing Scenario
1	*	Music Represenations
2		Fourier Analysis of Signals
3	3.89	Music Synchronization
4		Music Structure Analysis
5		Chord Recognition
6	1	Tempo and Beat Tracking
7		Content-Based Audio Retrieval
8		Musically Informed Audio Decomposition

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AES Conference: Semantic Audio 2017



Paper deadline: 22.01.2017



AUDIO ENGINEERING SOCIETY CALL for CONTRIBUTIONS

2017 INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SEMANTIC AUDIO ERLANGEN, GERMANY JUNE 22-24, 2017

http://www.ges.org/conferences/2017/semantic/



Chairs: Christian Uhle and Meinard Müller. Email: 2017semantic_chairs@aes.org
Papers chairs: Christian Dittmar and Jakob Abeßer. Email: 2017semantic_papers@aes.org
Technical Coordination and PR: Stefan Turowski, Sascha Disch, and Matthias Rose.

Semantic Audio is concerned with the extraction of meaning from audio signals and with the development of applications that use this information to support the user in identifying, organizing, and exploring audio signals, and interacting with them. These applications include music information retrieval, semantic web technologies, audio production, sound reproduction, education, and gaming. Semantic technology involves some kind of

understanding of the meaning of the information it deals with and to this end may incorporate machine learning, digital signal processing, speech processing, source separation, perceptual models of hearing, musicological knowledge, metadata, and ontologies. This conference will be the third AES conference on the topic and will provide the opportunity to present and discuss the latest advancements in the field.

PROPOSED TOPICS

Semantic audio processing
Content-based audio recommendation and retrieval
Music web services and semantic web for music
Blind and informed source separation
Automatic music transcription
Audio classification and segmentation
Musical similarity and structure analysis

Semantic audio coding Intelligent audio effects and editing Musical education and instrument tuition Musical performance analysis Broadcast monitoring Digital archiving and libraries Computational Auditory Scene Analysis

SUBMISSION INFORMATION

The organizing committee invites the submission of full papers of between 4 and 8 pages by January 22, 2017 at www.aesorg/2017.semantic_authors. An author's kit describing the paper format will also be available at that site. All submitted papers will be perreviewed before selection. Acceptance of papers will be determined by the conference review committee, and authors will be informed of the decision by March 22, 2017. Final versions of papers following any revisions guided by the committee's review must be submitted by April 8. 2017.

The conference program will include both oral and poster presentation of papers. Authors can express a preference for oral or poster presentation, although the final decision will be made by the program committee. The papers will be published online no less than 10 days before the conference.

Authors wishing their conference papers to be considered for publication by the Journal of the Audio Engineering Society (JAES) should read the Journal's guidelines described at www.aes.org/journal/authors/guidelines/ and, following the conference, submit a revised and extended version of their paper for review, using the Journal's online submission system.

Registration: At least one author of each contribution must pay to register for the conference, and attend to present, or the contribution will not be included in the proceedings. Any author wishing to attend the conference must pay the registration fee.

IMPORTANT DATES

Manuscript deadline: January 22, 2017. Acceptance emailed: March 22, 2017. Camera-ready submission deadline: April 8, 2017. Open Access Authors will have the option of submitting Open Access papers.





AES Conference: Semantic Audio 2017



Ready my carriage! I shall journey to AES in Erlangen!

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